



Professional  
Record  
Standards  
Body

# PRESSURE ULCER EXAMPLE

MAY 2024



**Better records  
for better care**

## Robert Pressure Ulcer Wound Example

This an example of how the wound care standard would work for Robert.

Robert's circumstances

- Robert is a 53-year-old man
- Robert lives in a care home
- He has motor neuron disease and uses a wheelchair
- He has a category 3 pressure ulcer on his spine caused by a new wheelchair cushion which is causing his skin to deteriorate

This example shows:

- The information recorded at the 1<sup>st</sup> assessment visit and subsequent treatment visits by the community nurse.
- It also covers the referral to the wheelchair service, assessment by the wheelchair specialist
- Only the elements and information which are recorded in this example. Elements of the standard which are not relevant and would not be used for this example and the 1<sup>st</sup> check are not shown.

The standard will also enable all other contacts about wound care to be recorded along with observations, assessments, treatments, and updates/changes to her personalised care and support plan.

# Wound assessment and treatment (Page 1)

## Contacts with Professionals

Seen by: <Name>      Role: Community nurse

Date: Monday 16<sup>th</sup> January 2023      Where: <anytown care home>

## Baseline information

Wound classification: Pressure ulcer

Problem: Motor neurone disease,

Anatomical site: spine

Wound description: Category 3 spine pressure ulcer caused by new wheelchair cushion which is causing skin to deteriorate

Date wound occurred: 9<sup>th</sup> January 2023

## First (initial) assessment of Roberts Pressure Ulcer

- Length 6cm, W 4.5cm, depth 1.5 cm, Point of ref: Spine
- Wound and surrounding skin description
  - Wound bed Tissue type: granulation
  - No undermining or tunnelling
  - Surrounding skin condition: Moist
- Image: <url for image>
- Wound complications: Local infection of wound

## Wound observations

### Clinical observations

- Pain score: VAS 4/10.
- Wound pain frequency: changing positions/adjusting sitting or lying position
- Signs & symptoms of infection: Overt signs of infection
- Exudate: Moderate, Serous

### Person observations

- Person observations: -

	aSSKINg bundle assessment
a	Assess risk Undertake Purpose T assessment
S	Skin integrity <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Colour: Red</li> <li>○ Temperature: Warm</li> <li>○ Texture: Moist</li> <li>○ Integrity: Broken areas, open wound</li> </ul>
S	The use of equipment to reduce pressure ulcers- Wheelchair cushion- but is ineffective, a dynamic pressure-relieving mattress, a wheelchair, and a hospital bed. Robert has been advised to get up for shorter periods in the day and return to bed's dynamic pressure-relieving mattress to offload pressure on wound
K	Ability to move and any aids he uses- Slight position changes occasionally, low-level mobility
I	Incontinence: Doubly Incontinent
N	How well he is eating and drinking: Well managed
g	Information provided on prevention of pressure ulcers

## Wound assessment and treatment (Page 2)

### Wound and skin care treatment

- Wound care products
  - Medication/Product name: Hydro fibre dressing, adhesive foam
  - Medication trade family : <manufacturer name>
  - Form: dressing
- Procedure: Dressing change
- Adjunct additional supporting therapies: Off loading
- Consent: Consent given
- Information and advice given: advice on the prevention of pressure ulcers
- Information and advice given: Take all other prescribed medication
- Plan and requested actions
  - Professional: - Schedule of assessments: Wound is formally assessed monthly, but is reviewed every dressing change for signs of infection
  - Person: Pain management Changing positions/adjusting sitting or lying position
- Future appointments:
  - Date: 18<sup>th</sup> January 2023 and then scheduled 3 days per week (Monday, Wednesday and Friday until pressure ulcer healed)
  - To see: <Name>, Community nurse
  - Location: <name>Care Home
  - Reason for appt: dressing change

### Risks (for delayed healing)

- Risk (repeated for each risk)
  - Start date: -
  - End date: -
  - Risk: Local infection of the wound
  - Comment: -

# Wound assessment and treatment (subsequent)

## Dressing change Days 3, 5 and 8 and subsequent

- Dressings used
  - Hydro fibre dressing
  - Adhesive foam
- Any other treatments: Off loading
- Wound bed tissue type: Granulation
- Condition of surrounding skin
  - Red
  - Moist
- Exudate levels: Moderate
- Pain levels: 4/10
- Signs of infection: None
- Changes to Patient's condition: Not currently

## Community nurse visit Day 5

- Referral to Wheelchair team for reassessment and body mapping

## Wheelchair assessment Day 12

Performed and recorded by Wheelchair service team

- Skin inspection: Category 3 pressure ulcer
- Method of propulsion: Pushed by both arms, and or by a helper
- Assessment of sitting balance
  - Hand simulation: Neutral sitting position possible with hand support for all assessed areas of the body
  - Upright sitting posture: Fixed posture
  - Pelvis and hip posture screen
    - Can pelvis be level: yes
    - Can hip bend to neutral sitting posture: yes
    - Right hip: yes
    - Left hip: yes

# Wound treatment plan (Page 1)

## Robert’s Treatment Plan – using a Personalised Care and Support Plan (PCSP)

*A Personalised Care and Support Plan (PCSP) is created for Robert to help him manage his condition.*

### Person preferences and treatment objectives

- Join the local swimming group
- Previous treatment experience: -
- Previous equipment experience: -

### Care & support plan

*Using Robert’s preferences and About Me they agree new needs, goals and actions for the PCSP. Below is just a summary of the key parts which would be added to Robert’s PCSP.*

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Strengths: Positive and confident person</li> <li>• Needs: Alleviate pain</li> <li>➤ Goal: Medication and wound care product management             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Goal importance: 10/10</li> <li>➤ Goal status: In progress</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Action: Take 200-400mg of Ibuprofen</li> <li>➤ Action: Continue to attend appointments for 3 times weekly hydro fibre dressing changes</li> <li>➤ Action: Take 500mg Paracetamol</li> <li>➤ Action: Use new wheelchair cushion</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needs: Alleviate pain</li> <li>➤ Goal: Adjust eating and drinking habits             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Goal importance: 8/10</li> <li>➤ Goal status: In progress</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Action: Eat a healthy, balanced diet with high protein, fruit and vegetable intake</li> <li>➤ Action: Drink 2L of water per day</li> </ul> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Needs: Improve strength</li> <li>➤ Goal: Increase daily average movement             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Goal importance: 8/10</li> <li>➤ Goal status: In progress</li> </ul> </li> <li>➤ Action: Frequently adjust sitting or lying positions</li> <li>➤ Action: Attempt a daily stretch</li> <li>➤ Goal: Take-up swimming / hydrotherapy</li> </ul> |
|---|--|---|

## Wound treatment plan (Page 2)

### Additional support plan

*This is created to hold the wound care medical treatment plan and added to Roberts PCSP.*

Regular review and monitoring of health at least 4 times a week, if unhealed at 12 weeks, detailed reassessment (ref [Pressure Ulcers Recommendations - Improving Wound Care: Building on The National Wound Care Programme - FutureNHS Collaboration Platform](#))

Dressing changes:. Three times weekly dressing changes .

Wound bed preparation: Cleaning

Wound care products:

- Hydro fibre dressing
- Adhesive foam

Adjunct additional supporting therapies: Off loading

Pain management: Medicines prescribed by community nurse (not part of the wound care standard)

- 200-400mg of Ibuprofen every 4-5 hours if needed,
- 500mg of Paracetamol every 4-5 hours if needed

Agreed with: Robert Date: 23/01/2023

Review date: 1 month Responsible for review: Community nurse

### Contingency or Escalation Plan

*This is created on day 8 to show what to do should things get worse.*

Triggers factors:

- a) Wound not healing or improving
- b) Pain management not working
- c) Signs of infection showing
- d) New wheelchair cushion not suitable

What should happen:

- a) Switch medication to 30-60mg of Codeine every 6 hours
- b) Contact wheelchair service over wheelchair cushions concerns

Who should be contacted:

- a) Community nurse
- b) Wheelchair service

Agreed with: Robert Date: 23/01/2023

Review date: 1 month Responsible for review: Community Nurse



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